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INTERNATIONAL CHGAMIZATIONS DIVISION

EMERLY SUMMARY NO. 44

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Volume II

The Internstional Week

Economic Cooperation Administrator Hoffman warned the CEEC Council in Paris of the necessity for more progress toward integrating Western Europe's economy. A GA subcommittee recommended postponement of the disposition of Eritrea to the next GA so that n UN commission might first escertain the wishes of the inhabitants. deanwhile the GA Political Cormittee called upon Albania to cease attacks upon UN observers (46-6-3) after the Special Political Committee had voted (38-5-8) to set up a UN field force to protect such personnel. In Rome, the World Peace Partisans convened to consider "measures" against the Atlantic Pact, found it necessary to deal initially with a gate-crashing Yugoslav delegation.

WFTU drive to organize strategic industries reaches climax. Strorts of the Sovietized World Federation of Trade Unions to organize workers in strategic Western industries were marked last week by: (1) scheduling of conferences in European and Latin American cities to establish international unions of postal, telegraph and radio workers, food workers, transport workers, and petroleum workers; (2) a pledge from the WFTU Metal and Engineering Workers International of financial support for the US Steelworkers "to enable them to intensify their combet": and(13) prospective expulsion of leftwing US trade unions from the Congress of Industrial Organizations (CIC) for continued defiance of the (10's anti-YFTU stand. These developments make it increasingly apparent that the conflict between Eastern and Western labor is now being fought out within key industries, control of which is sought by the Kremlin.

The effectiveness of WFTU appeals to workers within such industries as Mining and Merchant Marine will be determined primax11y by the strength of the resistance encountered from the $\hat{ extstyle 1}$ ong established international trade secretariats (e.g. the International Winers Federation, the International Transport Workers) and from anti-Communist workers in the corresponding national industrial unions. Thus, among the British maners, where resistance is strong, the WFTU drive will be relatively ineffective. Among French and Italian miners, however, where resistance is poorly organized, Communist "action" groups will continue to hold their phions to the line fixed by the WFTU and Soviet Labor.

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A critical test of the WFTU's drive to draw workers from key beatern industries into its own international unions is taking place at the CIC National Convention in Cleveland. The powerful westcoast dongshoremen (ILWU) and Electrical Workers (UE), spokesmen for the Communist-led industrial unions whose future in the national organization is at stake, have proclaimed their intention of maintaining contact with the VFTU regardless of the CIC withdrawal. The proposal of ILWU and UE that the CIC recognize their right to "autonomy" is unacceptable to the anti-Communist CIC leadership. When this proposal is rejected, the leftwing unions will probably be forced to choose between submission to the CIC leadership and formation of a third, Communist-oriented US labor movement. A ready-made beginning for such a movement exists in the "National Labor Committee in Defense of Peace" recently organized by 42 left-

Proposal for a Rear Eastern Develorment Authority. A proposal of the UN Economic Survey Mission that the US and UK with other states ready to assist, establish a Near Eastern Settlement and Development Authority (NESDA) may incur criticism as an attempt to bypass the UN. NESDA would be headed by a US national and while consulting with appropriate UN agencies such as the present PCC or its successors, would operate outside of the UN framework. It would carry out relief work programs and plan long-range developments not tied to resettlement projects, which as a practical matter would, nevertheless, be calculated to absorb Palestinian Arabs whether identified as refugees or not. Such an organization might obtain

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The cooperation from the Arabs than the ESM by reason of its freedom from what the Arabs regard as a UN taint. The sponsors of MESDA believe this set up under US chairmanship might obtain; financial support from the US Congress more readily than a UN body. On the other hand, UN Secretary General Lie regards establishment of any such organ outside the UN framework with misgivings and there are fears that the US and UK might be charged with imperialistic designs in seeking to bypass the UN.

Developments in the Italian Colonies question. The recommendation (16-3-2) of a General Assembly subcommittee to postpone disposition of Emittee to the next GA session so that a UN Commission and meanwhile ascertain the wishes of the population, would if followed by the GA, at least eliminate one complicating factor from this multilateral jigsaw puzzle. The tendency to interlock disposition of each colony with that of the others for trading purposes has so far blocked progress toward even a partial solution. Thus, to put aside one phase of the problem even temporarily would reduce the difficulty in attaining agreement on the rest.



Forld Peace Partisans excel Yugoslavs and attack Atlantic fact. A 70-nation Nome meeting of the Communist-led World Communist-led World Communisted of Peace Partisans, called to consider "concrete measures against the Atlantic Pact," unexpectedly had to consider first a demand for the expulsion of the Yugoslav National Peace Committee. The presence in Rome of an unanyited Yugoslav delegation, insisting on "the complete independence of all Communist states," underscored the necessity for such action. The demand for its expulsion, nominally originating with Czech and Italian "peace committees," reflected anew the Grenlin's determination to squeeze out Titolst Yugoslavia from Stalinist-controlled international front organizations.



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The central themes of the Fome meeting were enunciated by the limitan Left-Socialist Nammi and the French Communist chalman hallot-Curie, who called for mass public support for "the struckle analytic aggressive pacts" and "reduction of armaments." Jolio Curie insisted on the possibility of reaching "international agreements to ban stomic weapons" and of using atomic energy for "peaceful purposes" while Nearl asked for a "return to the spirit of the falta Agreements." The extent of popular acceptance of these blomes within Italy may be limited by the Vatican warning issued the preceding day against decisions reached by a "group of Communists and their sympathizers." Such support may be further diminished when the Italian public learns of the pro-Soviet atomic research record of Joliot-Curie and his British scientific associate. J. G. Crowther, also at Rome.

Soviet views on atomic control unchanged. Recent Soviet; proposals for atomic control are almost word for word identificate with those presented to the Art by Growyko on 12 June 1947. Provision for inspection is still initial by the adverbactionally are still to be filled by reliance on the great powers to supply accurate information to each other. The USSR makes up for these lacunae by liberally interspersing throughout its proposal mention of "strict" and "rigid" control. The control thus appears note adjective than substantive.

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Herugee Cranization to 31 March 1950 will leave several hundred thousand refugees still to be resettled. Member governments have been urged by IkC to draft plans for a permanent solution to this problem and Secretary General Lie has proposed the establishment of UN service similar to that of the League of Nations, to aid stateless persons. Unless some such steps are taken it may again be necessary to extend the life of the IkO when its present lesse expires.

Prior to important decisions in the UN Security Council does not touch the basis of the veto problem. Although this informal machinery may slightly reduce the frequency of vetoes, it makes no provisions for waiving the veto on selected categories of questions, such as admission of new members to the UN. Thus, while Soviet agreement to consult superficially appears conciliatory, in fact, it represents no impairment of the veto power.